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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/583,608	06/20/2006	Koji Hagiya	023174-0166	2628
	7590 10/21/200 LARDNER LLP	EXAMINER		
SUITE 500		SHIAO, REI TSANG		
3000 K STREE WASHINGTO			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1626	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			10/21/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Applica	Application No. Ap		applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary			608	HAGIYA, KOJI				
			er	Art Unit				
		REI-TS/	ANG SHIAO	1626				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on t	he cover sheet with ti	he correspondence ac	ldress			
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Masions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum street or reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. Tatutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the a	THIS COMMUNICAT event, however, may a reply t will expire SIX (6) MONTHS pplication to become ABAND	TION. De timely filed from the mailing date of this of the content of the conte	,			
Status								
	Responsive to communication(s) file	ad on 18 July 2008						
2a)□	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>18 July 2008</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)□		<i>'</i> —		prosecution as to the	e merits is			
٥,١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims		, ,	,				
· · ·		application						
•	☑ Claim(s) <u>1-21</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-12,16 and 18-21</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
		<u>10 10-21</u> 13/816 WILLIO	nawn nom consider	ation.				
'=	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>13-15 and 17</u> is/are rejected.							
·		cu.						
•	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
		stion and/or election	requirement.					
Applicati	on Papers							
<i>,</i> —	The specification is objected to by th							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	g the correction is requ	ired if the drawing(s) is	s objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/20/06</u> .	PTO-948)	4) Interview Sumn Paper No(s)/Ma 5) Notice of Inform 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This application claims benefit of the foreign applications:

JAPAN 2003-429133 with a filing date 12/25/2003; JAPAN 2003-429134 with a filing date 12/25/2003; JAPAN 2004-068703 with a filing date 03/11/2004 and JAPAN 2004-182102 with a filing date 06/21/2004. However, the English-translated version of the certified foreign priority documents have not bee filed, the instant foreign priority has not been granted.

2. Claims 1-21 are pending in the application.

Information Disclosure Statement

3. Applicant's Information Disclosure Statement filed on June 20, 2006 has been considered. Please refer to Applicant's copy of the 1449 submitted herein.

Responses to Election/Restriction

4. Applicant's election with traverse of election of Group III claims 13-15 and 17, in part, in the reply filed on July 18, 2008 is acknowledged. Election of the compound of Example 7, i.e., 1-methyl-3-(n-butyl) imidazolium ion and x is 0.6, as the single species is also acknowledged. The traversal is on the grounds that the search and examination Group I-III is not unduly burdensome. This is found not persuasive, and the reasons are given *infra*.

Claims 1-21 are pending in the application. The scope of the invention of the elected subject matter is as follows.

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The claims 1-21 herein lack unity of invention under PCT rule 13.1 and 13.2 since the compounds defined in the claims lack a significant structural element qualifying as the special technical feature that defines a contribution over the prior art, see Hirano et al. CAS: 123:2847a. Hirano et al. disclose similar alkyl imidazolium compounds of formula (I). Accordingly, unity of invention is considered to be lacking and restriction of the invention in accordance with the rules of unity of invention is considered to be proper. Furthermore, even if unity of invention under 37 CFR 1.475(a) is not lacking, which it is lacking, under 37 CFR 1.475(b) a national stage application containing claims to different categories of invention will be considered to have unity of invention if the claims are drawn only to one of the following combinations:

- (1) A product and a process specially adapted for the manufacture of said product', or
 - (2) A product and a process of use of said product; or
 - (3) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and a use of the said product; or
 - (4) A process and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process; or
 - (5) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process.

And, according to 37 CFR 1.475(c)

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if an application contains claims to more or less than one of the combinations of categories of invention set forth in paragraph (b), unity of invention might not be present.

However, it is noted that unity of invention is considered lacking under 37 CFR 1.475(a) and (b). Therefore, since the claims are drawn to more than a product, and according to 37 CFR 1.475 (e) the determination whether a group of inventions is so linked as to form a single general inventive concept shall be made without regard to whether the inventions are claimed in separate claims or as alternatives within a single claim.

The claims lack unity of invention and should be limited to only a product, or a process for the preparation, or a use of the said product. In the instant case, Groups I-VI are drawn to various products (i.e., imidazole compounds), processes of making (i.e., formula (7) or (3)), and the final products do not contain a common technical feature or structure, and do not define a contribution over the prior art, i.e., similar phosphoric acid ester compounds. Moreover, the examiner must perform a commercial database search on the subject matter of each group in addition to a paper search, which is quite burdensome to the examiner.

Claims 13-15 and 17, in part, embraced in above elected subject matter, are prosecuted in the case. Claims 13-15 and 17, in part, <u>not</u> embraced in above elected subject matter, and claims 1-12, 16, and 18-21 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention.

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The requirement is still deemed proper.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 13-15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Urahata et al. CAS: 140:303126. Moreover, claims 13-15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by (1) Hirano et al. CAS: 123:2847a; (2) Miyauchi et al. CAS: 139:395934; (3)Hagiwara et al. CAS: 138:45060; or (4) Mori et al. CAS: 114:216779.

Applicants claim compounds of formula (1), see claim 13.

Urahata et al. disclose a compound, see RN: 676316-93-1. It clearly anticipate the instant compounds of formula (1), wherein the variable R1-R5 independently represent hydrogen or alky, and the variable x is 1.

Hirano et al. disclose a compound, see RN: 163490-15-1. It clearly anticipate the instant compounds of formula (1), wherein the variable R1-R5 independently represent hydrogen or alky, and the variable x is 1.

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Miyauchi et al. disclose two compound, see RN: 625120-69-6 or 625120-70-9. It clearly anticipate the instant compounds of formula (1), wherein the variable R1-R5 independently represent hydrogen or alky, and the variable x is 1.

Hagiwara et al. disclose a compound, see RN: 478482-64-3. It clearly anticipate the instant compounds of formula (1), wherein the variable R1-R5 independently represent hydrogen or alky, and the variable x is 1.

Mori et al. disclose a compound, see RN: 133316-65-1. It clearly anticipate the instant compounds of formula (1), wherein the variable R1-R5 independently represent hydrogen or alky, and the variable x is 1. Dependent claims 14-15 and 17 are also rejected along with claim 13 under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) or 102(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

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4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 13-15 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirano et al. CAS: 123:2847a.

Applicants claim compounds of formula (1), see claim 13.

Determination of the scope and content of the prior art (MPEP §2141.01)

Hirano et al. disclose compounds of formula (I), i.e.,

, wherein the variable R1-R2 is C1-6-alkyl, and the variable X is halide.

<u>Determination of the difference between the prior art and the claims (MPEP §2141.02)</u>

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The difference between instant claims and Hirano et al. is that the instant variable x is $0,x\le1$, while Hirano et al. represents 1. Hirano et al. compounds inherently overlap with the instant invention.

Finding of prima facie obviousness-rational and motivation (MPEP §2142-2143)

One having ordinary skill in the art would find the claims 13-15 and 17 prima facie obvious because one would be motivated to employ the compounds of Hirano et al. to obtain instant processes compounds of formula (1). Dependent claims 14-15 and 17 are also rejected along with claim 35 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

The motivation to make the claimed processes derived from the known compounds of Hirano et al. would possess similar activity (used as electronic materials) to that which is claimed in the reference.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rei-tsang Shiao whose telephone number is (571) 272-0707. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph K. McKane can be reached on (571) 272-0699. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

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published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

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For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a

USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information

system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/REI-TSANG SHIAO /

Rei-tsang Shiao, Ph.D. Primary Patent Examiner Art Unit 1626

October 14, 2008